#### **Article Information Sheet (AIS)**

This Article Information Sheet (AIS) provides relevant battery information to retailers, consumers, OEMs and others users requesting a GHS-compliant SDS. Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria is not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article. Branded consumer batteries are defined as electro-technical devices. The design, safety, manufacture, and qualification of branded consumer batteries follow ANSI and IEC battery standards. This document is based on principles set forth in the following hazard communication approaches: ANSI Z-400.1, GHS, JAMP AIS, and IEC 62474.

communication approaches. ANSI 2 40				
1. Document Information				
Document Name	Duracell Alkaline Batte	ries (Major and Specialty	Cells)	
Document ID	AIS-ALK			
Issue Date	1-May-15			
Version	2			
Preparer	Global Product Steward	lship		
Last Revision	1/7/2016			
Information Contact	moquet.l@duracell.co	<u>om</u>		
2. Company Information				
Name & Address		s Unit, 14 Research Drive,	Bethel, CT USA 06801	L
Telephone	(203) 796- 4430			
Website	www.duracell. com			
Consumer Relations	North America: 1-800-5	51-2355 (9:00 AM - 5:00 I	PM EST)	
3. Article Information				
Description	Duracell branded consu			
Product Category		Electro-technical device		
Use	Portable power source			
Global sub-brands (Retail)		um, Simply, Turbo, Ultra,	Basic, TurboMax	
Global sub-brands (B2B)	Procell, Industrial, OEM	•		
Sizes	Major Cells: AA,AAA, C			
Sizes	<u>Specialty Cells</u> : AAAA, MN11. MN21, MN27, MN175, PX76 (LR44), PX28, PX625, (LR09), LR43, LR54, N, J, 4.5V, 625A			
Sizes	Lanterns: MN903, MN9	008, MN915, MN918; MN	1203	
Principles of Operation	A battery powers a dev	ice by converting stored c	nemical energy into e	lectrical energy.
Representative Product Images			DURACELL	
	Maior Cells	Maior Cells	Lantern	Specialty
4. Article Construction				
Applicable Battery Industry Standard	s ANSI C18.1M Part 1, AN 60086-5	ISI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C1	8.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC	60086-2, IEC
Electro-technical System	Alkaline Manganese Dic	oxide		
Electrode - Negative	Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6)			
Electrode - Positive	Manganese Dioxide (CA	S # 1313-13-9)		
Electrolyte	Alkali Metal Hydroxide	(aqueous potassium hydro	oxide - CAS # 1310-58-	-3)
Materials of Construction - Can	Nickel Plated Steel			
Declarable Substances	None			
(IEC 62474 Criteria 1)				
Mercury Free Battery	Yes			
(ANSI C18.4M <5ppm)				
Small Cell or Battery	Sizes: AAA and Specialty	y Cells fit inside a specially	designed test cylinde	r 2 25 inches
(ANSI C18.1M Part 2; IEC 60086-5)		inches (31.70 mm) wide.	acsigned test cynnde	i ElES menes
	(37.11111) IONS DY 1.23	inches (ST.) O mini) wide.		

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5. Health & Safety	
Ingestion/Small Parts Warning	Required for Small Cell or Battery (Sizes: AAA and Specialty Cells): Keep away from
	children. If swallowed, consult a physician immediately.
Normal Conditions of Use	Exposure to contents inside the sealed battery will not occur unless the battery leaks, is
	exposed to high temperatures, or is mechanically abused.
Note to Physician	A damaged battery will release concentrated and caustic potassium hydroxide.
First Aid - If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. USA CALLS ONLY - CALL 24-
	HOUR NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE: (202) 625-3333 - COLLECT.
First Aid - Eye Contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical care if irritation persists.
First Aid - Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Seek medical care if
	irritation persists.
First Aid - Inhalation	Remove to fresh air.
Battery Safety Standards & Testing	Duracell batteries meet the requirements of ANSI C18. 1M Part 2 and IEC 60086-5. These
	standards specify tests and requirements for alkaline batteries to ensure safe operation
	under normal use and reasonably foreseeable misuse. The test regimes assess three
	conditions of safety. These are:
	<b>1-Intended use simulation:</b> Partial use, vibration, thermal shock, and mechanical shock
	2-Reasonably foreseeable misuse: Incorrect installation, external short-circuit, free fall
	(user-drop), over-discharge, and crush
	3-Design consideration: Thermal abuse, mold stress
Precautionary Statements	CAUTION: Batteries may explode or leak, and cause burn injury, if recharged, disposed of
	in fire, mixed with a different battery type, inserted backwards or disassembled. Replace
	all used batteries at the same time. Do not carry batteries loose in your pocket or purse.
	Do not remove the battery label. Keep small batteries (i.e., AAA) away from children. If
	swallowed, consult a physician at once.
6. Fire Hazard & Firefighting	
Fire Hazard	Batteries may rupture or leak if involved in a fire.
Extinguishing Media	Use any extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding area.
Fires Involving Large Quantities of	Large quantities of batteries involved in a fire will rupture and release caustic potassium
Batteries	hydroxide. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective
	clothing.
7. Handling & Storage	
Handling Precautions	Avoid mechanical and electrical abuse. Do not short circuit or install incorrectly. Batteries
	may rupture or vent if disassembled, crushed, recharged or exposed to high
	temperatures. Install batteries in accordance with equipment instructions.
Storage Precautions	Store batteries in a dry place at normal room temperature. Refrigeration does not make
	them last longer.
Spills of Large Quantities of Loose	Notify spill personnel of large spills. Irritating and flammable vapors may be released from
Batteries (unpackaged)	leaking or ruptured batteries. Spread batteries apart to stop shorting. Eliminate all
	ignition sources. Evacuate area and allow vapors to dissipate. Clean-up personnel should
	wear appropriate PPE to avoid eye and skin contact and inhalation of vapors or fumes.
	Increase ventilation. Carefully collect batteries and place in appropriate container for
	disposal. Remove any spilled liquid with absorbent material and contain for disposal.
8. Disposal Considerations (GHS Sect	
Collection & Proper Disposal	Dispose of used (or excess) batteries in compliance with federal, state/provincial and
	local regulations. Do not accumulate large quantities of used batteries for disposal as
	accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries,
	accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries,
	accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries, such as Canada and the EU, where there are regulations for the collection and recycling of

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USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.	
California Universal Waste Rule (Cal. Code Regs. Title 22, Div. 4.5, Ch. 23)	California prohibits disposal of batteries as trash (including household trash).	
9. Transport Information (GHS Section	n 14)	
Regulatory Status	Not regulated. Alkaline batteries (sometimes referred to as "Dry Cell" or "household" batteries) are not listed or regulated as dangerous goods under IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, ICAO Technical Instructions, IMDG Code, UN Model Regulations, U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR), and UNECE ADR.	
UN Identification Number/ Shipping Name	None - Not Required	
Special Provision (SP) Conformance	Special regulatory provisions require batteries to be packaged in a manner that prevents the generation of a dangerous quantity of heat and short circuits. Shippers can prepare batteries by taping the terminals, individually packaging batteries, or otherwise segregating the batteries to prevent risk of creating a short circuit. Batteries shipped in original unopened Duracell packaging is compliant.	
US DOT SP	49 CFR 172.102 Special Provision 130	
Air Transport (IATA/ICAO) SP	Special Provision A123 (57th Edition - 2016). NOTE: The words "NOT RESTRICTED" and "SPECIAL PROVISION A123" must be included on the description of the substance on the Air Waybill, when air way-bill is issued.	
Passenger Air Travel	No restrictions	
Emergency Transportation Hotline	CHEMTREC 24-Hour Emergency Response Hotline Within the United States call +703-527-3887 Outside the United States, call +1 703-527-3887 (Collect)	
10. Regulatory Information (GHS Sect	ion 15)	
10a. Battery Requirements		
USA EPA Mercury Containing &	During the manufacturing process, no mercury is added.	
Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996		
EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11. Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators	
P.R.C. Provision on Mercury Content Limitation for Batteries (GB 8897.5- 2005, MOD, Section 9.1(e)	无汞	
P.R.C. Mercury Free Battery (GB 24427-2009) < 1ppm	Yes	
10b. General Requirements USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314)	Exempt	
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USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500) USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20)	Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product. For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article".	
	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal	
USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.	

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CANADA Due du ste Constalizione	NA-man fan a		
CANADA Products Containing	Mercury free		
Mercury Regulations SOR/20140254			
EU REACH SVHC's (168 Substances)	No listed substances are present (>0.01% w/w)		
Candidate List December 2015)			
EU REACH Article 31	SDS is not required consumer alkaline batteries.		
10c. Regulatory Definitions - Articles			
USA OSHA	29 CFR 1910.1200(b)(6)(v)		
USA TSCA	40 CFR 704.3; 710.2(3)( c); and [19 CFR 12.1209a)]		
EU REACH	Title 1 - Chapter 2 - Article 3(3)		
GHS	Section 1.3.2.1		
11. Other Information			
11a. Certification & 3rd Party Approva	als		
UL (UTGT2.S50939 Single Multiple	AA, 9V		
Station Smoke Alarms - Component)	Certification Standard: ANSI/UL 217 Single & Multiple Station Smoke Alarms		
11b. AIS Hazard Communication Appr	oaches (consulted in developing this document):		
Globally Harmonized System (GHS)	GHS SDS requirements and classification criteria do not apply to articles or products (such		
	as batteries) that have a fixed shape, which are not intended to release a chemical. The		
	article exemption is found in Section 1.3.2.1.1 of the GHS and reads: The GHS applies to		
	pure substances and their dilute solutions and to mixtures. "Articles" as defined by the		
	Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1900.1200) of the OSHA of the USA, or by		
	similar definition, are outside the scope of the system."		
	sinnar definition, are outside the scope of the system.		
Joint Article Management Promotion	JAMP is a Japanese Industry Association who developed the concept of an Article		
Consortium JAMP	Information Sheet as a supply chain tool to share and communicate chemical information		
	in articles. The AIS authoring process is based on "declarable" substances to meet global		
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	regulatory requirements as well as substances to be reported by GADSL, JIG, etc.		
IEC 62474 Ed. 1.0 B:2012 Material	regulatory requirements as well as substances to be reported by GADSL, JIG, etc.		
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DISCLAIMER: This AIS is intended to provide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this material. The information contained here has been compiled from sources considered by Duracell to be dependable and is accurate to the best of the Company's knowledge. It is not meant to be an all-inclusive document on worldwide hazard communication regulations. This information is offered in good faith. Each user of this material needs to evaluate the conditions of use and design the appropriate protective mechanisms to prevent employee exposures, property damage or release to the environment. Duracell assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons or for any damage to any property resulting from misuse of the product.