

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Citrus Degreaser

Other means of identification

Product Code No. 14174 (Item# 1004867)

Recommended use General purpose degreaser

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.

Address 885 Louis Dr.

Warminster, PA 18974 US

Telephone

 General Information
 215-674-4300

 Technical Assistance
 800-521-3168

 Customer Service
 800-272-4620

 24-Hour Emergency
 800-424-9300 (US)

(CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (International)
Website www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3Health hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Sensitization, skin Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Label elements

OSHA defined hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with

Category 1

Category 1

Category 1

long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use with adequate ventilation. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Collect spillage.

Storage Disposal Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
d-limonene		5989-27-5	60 - 70
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	10 - 20
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	10 - 20
turpentine		9005-90-7	5 - 10
beta-myrcene		123-35-3	< 1

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

Eye contact

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

Ingestion

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

vorniting occurs, keep nead low so tr

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This product is miscible in water. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3
,		100 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	PEL	400 mg/m3
		100 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	mical Hazards	
Components	Туре	Value
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	400 mg/m3
,		100 ppm
US. Workplace Environmental Ex	posure Level (WEEL) Guides	
Components	Туре	Value
d-limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)	TWA	165.5 mg/m3
		30 ppm

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower should be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Rubber. **Hand protection** Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a Respiratory protection

> NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to

determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid.

Color Clear. Colorless.

Odor Citrus.

Odor threshold Not available. Not available. pН

Melting point/freezing point -140.8 °F (-96 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling

315 °F (157.2 °C) estimated

range

100 °F (37.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup Flash point

Evaporation rate Fast.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

0.7 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

6.1 % estimated

(%)

Vapor pressure 2.1 hPa estimated

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.82

Solubility(ies)

Negligible. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

450 °F (232.2 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. 94.1 % estimated Percent volatile

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

Carbon oxides.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be Inhalation

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Material name: Citrus Degreaser No. 14174 (Item# 1004867) Version #: 03 Revision date: 01-08-2018 Issue date: 06-09-2016 **Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

d-limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 5 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 4400 mg/kg

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

beta-myrcene (CAS 123-35-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

d-limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - No

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting,

may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Citrus Degreaser sps us

Test Results Components **Species**

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.1 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 3 mg/l, 96 hours

d-limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.619 - 0.796 mg/l, 96 hours

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 0.421 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.619 - 0.796 mg/l, 96 hours

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

turpentine (CAS 9005-90-7)

Aquatic Acute

EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) Crustacea 10 - 100 mg/l, 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

4.17 beta-myrcene d-limonene 4.232

No data available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or **Disposal instructions**

dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used

container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F Hazardous waste code

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Road

Not regulated as dangerous goods by ground.

DOT

Air

UN number UN1993

Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (d-limonene, petroleum distillates) **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

DOT

Maritime

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (d-limonene, petroleum distillates), MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (d-limonene, petroleum distillates)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed with restrictions.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (d-limonene, petroleum distillates), MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group III
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E. S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

turpentine (CAS 9005-90-7) Listed.

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CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

turpentine (CAS 9005-90-7)

100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Food and Drug

Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

categories

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) turpentine (CAS 9005-90-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
beta-myrcene (CAS 123-35-3)
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
Listed: February 27, 1987
Listed: March 27, 2015
Listed: June 11, 2004
Listed: April 19, 2002

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Material name: Citrus Degreaser sps us

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 100 %

51.100(s))

Consumer products Not regulated

(40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)

State

Consumer products This product is not for retail sale. It is for use in the manufacturing process only.

 VOC content (CA)
 100 %

 VOC content (OTC)
 100 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

odunitiy(3) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Inventory name

Issue date06-09-2016Revision date01-08-2018Prepared byAllison Yoon

Version # 03

Further information CRC # 598B/1002631

HMIS® ratings Health: 2 Flammability: 2

Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: B

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings

Taiwan



Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not

be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety

professional, or CRC Industries, Inc..

Revision informationThis document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Citrus Degreaser

Version #: 03 Revision date: 01-08-2018 Issue date: 06-09-2016

On inventory (yes/no)*

Yes

A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).