

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation Address : 2126 Vanco Drive

Irving TX 75061,

Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961

Telefax : 214-631-3047

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC U.S.: 800-424-9300, International 703-527-3887

(24-hours/7 days)

E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Industrial use

Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in

Offshore industries

Mining, (without offshore industries)

Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-

pheres.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation : Category 2A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Other hazards

None known.



Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-53-6	>= 30 - < 50
light naphthenic		
Graphite	7782-42-5	>= 10 - < 20
Talc	14807-96-6	>= 5 - < 10
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	>= 5 - < 10
Calcium acetate	62-54-4	>= 5 - < 10
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5	>= 5 - < 10
Dolomite	16389-88-1	>= 1 - < 5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 - < 5
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	>= 1 - < 5
Quartz	14808-60-7	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Unsuitable extinguishing

nedia

: None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides Metal oxides

> Fluorine compounds Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-:

gency procedures

tive equipment and emer-

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling : For outdoor use only

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
Graphite	7782-42-5	TWA (Res- pirable)	2.5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA (Dust)	15 Million particles per cubic foot	OSHA Z-3
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Dust)	20 Million particles per cubic foot	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (Res- pirable)	2 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m³	ACGIH
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5	TWA	2.5 mg/m³ (Fluorine)	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	2.5 mg/m³ (Fluorine)	ACGIH
		TWA	2.5 mg/m³ (Fluorine)	NIOSH REL
Dolomite	16389-88-1	TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		TWÁ	10 mg/m ³	ACGIH
			(Titanium dioxide)	
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	TWA	2 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA	2 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (Res-	0.05 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
		pirable dust)		
		TWA (respir-	10 mg/m3	OSHA Z-3
		able)	/ %SiO2+2	
		TWA (respir-	250 mppcf	OSHA Z-3
		able)	/ %SiO2+5	
		TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m ³	ACGIH
		pirable par-	(Silica)	
		ticulate mat-		
		ter)		
		TWA (Res-	0.05 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		pirable dust)	(Silica)	
		PEL (respir-	0.05 mg/m ³	OSHA CARC
		able)		

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Titanium dioxide

Quartz

П

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

•	•	•		
Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m³ (Calcium car- bonate)	NIOSH REL
Acetone	67-64-1	TWA	250 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	250 ppm 590 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control	Biological	Sam-	Permissible	Basis
		parameters	specimen	pling	concentra-	
				time	tion	
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5	Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	Prior to shift (16	2 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
				hours after		



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

		exposure ceases)		
Fluoride (Fluorine)	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	3 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures

Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m3 - total dust, 5 mg/m3 - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m3 - respirable particles, 10 mg/m3 - inhalable particles.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before

breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Viscous semi-solid

Color : light gray

Odor : Petroleum

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

406 °F / 208 °C

Method: ASTM D 2887

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

Flash point : 320 °F / 160 °C

Method: Cleveland open cup

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : 1.3

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : 914 °F / 490 °C

Method: ASTM E 659

Decomposition temperature : No data available



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : 2.085 mm²/s (104 °F / 40 °C)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

20.85 cSt (104 °F / 40 °C)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

Flow time : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Calcium carbonate

Acetone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Graphite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Talc:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Calcium acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,943 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium fluoride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.07 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Dolomite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

oxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Calcium oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Acute inhalation toxicity : (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

oxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Graphite:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Talc:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium fluoride:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Dolomite:

Species : Rabbit



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Calcium oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Graphite:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Talc:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Calcium acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Calcium fluoride:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Dolomite:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Calcium oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Graphite:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Talc:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Humans Result : negative

Calcium carbonate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Calcium fluoride:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Dolomite:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Calcium oxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Graphite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Talc:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Calcium acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium fluoride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Dolomite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Calcium oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic

based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC)

1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 78 weeks
Result : negative

Talc:

Species : Mouse

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Calcium fluoride:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

Calcium oxide:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Species : Humans

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result : positive

Remarks : These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and

therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhala-

tion)

IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Quartz 14808-60-7

(Silica dust, crystalline)

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

OSHA OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen

Quartz 14808-60-7

(crystalline silica)

NTP Known to be human carcinogen

Quartz 14808-60-7

(Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Graphite:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Talc:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium carbonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Calcium acetate:



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium fluoride:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium oxide:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium fluoride:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Quartz:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Lungs

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-

centrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species : Rabbit

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact

Exposure time : 4 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Calcium carbonate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Calcium acetate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 3,600 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 28 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Calcium fluoride:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.007 mg/kg

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:

Species : Mouse

NOAEL : 1,300 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 28 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 10 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 y

Calcium oxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 0.399 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Quartz:

Species : Humans LOAEL : 0.053 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Remarks : These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and

therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

 10.0
 11/04/2020
 117415-00017
 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Photobacterium phosphoreum): > 2.17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d

Graphite:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,012.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Talc:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Calcium carbonate:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC: 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Calcium acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium fluoride:

Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 100 mg/l



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EbC50: > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Protozoa): > 10 - 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 20 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 16.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 14 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

plants Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Calcium oxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 - 8 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

: log Pow: -1.38

Calcium acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Calcium acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6
Synthetic polyol ester	Not Assigned
Graphite	7782-42-5
Talc	14807-96-6
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
Calcium(2+) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate	3159-62-4
Calcium acetate	62-54-4
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6
Graphite	7782-42-5
Talc	14807-96-6
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6
Graphite	7782-42-5
Talc	14807-96-6
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
Calcium fluoride	7789-75-5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8

California Regulated Carcinogens

Quartz 14808-60-7



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

Health 2 0 Instability

Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 05/06/2020 10.0 11/04/2020 117415-00017 Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO - International Organisation for Standardization: KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 11/04/2020

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8